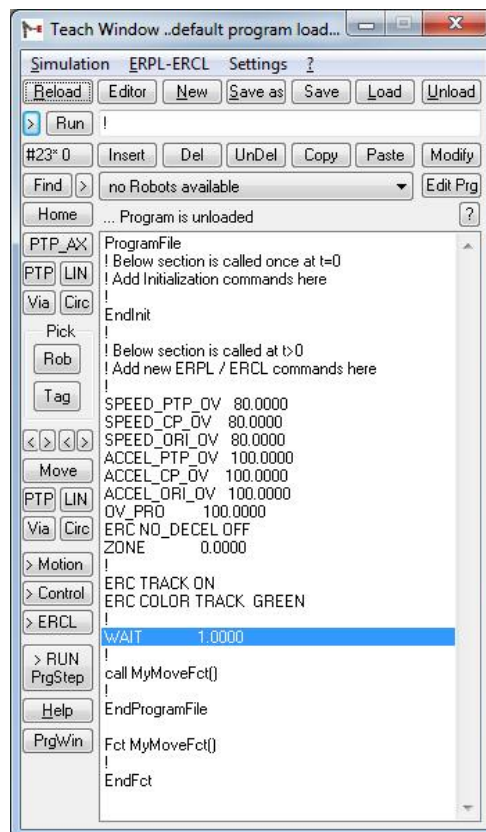


ERPL- / ERCL- Program Language

EASY-ROB™ V8.0



November 2019

Version 3.4

EASY-ROB™

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EASY-ROB™

ERPL - EASY-ROB Program Language

The below table gives an overview about the EASY-ROB program structure and available robot motion commands.

Principle syntax definition:

- Units (length) are meter [m], degree [deg] or percentage [%]
- Speed units are in length unit per seconds e.g. [m/s]
- A cartesian position consists of a position with X, Y and Z values and an orientation with A, B and C angles.
The orientation definition for ABC angles is:
 $\text{Rot}(A,B,C) = \text{Rot}(X,A) * \text{Rot}(Y,B) * \text{Rot}(Z,C)$
- A Tag name is for example 'T_1'. To use a tag name with a motion command, the Tag must exist in the work cell.

General Program Structure

| Command and Syntax | Description |
|--------------------------|---|
| PROGRAMFILE | Begin of Program Executing this command as single step command will reset some status data, such as BASE, BASE_PRG, etc. |
| ENDPROGRAMFILE or END | End of Program Program executing stops |
| CALL fct_name() | Internal Function Call fct_name() - name of function Note: The function must exist in the current program file |
| FCT fct_name() | Begin function definition fct_name() - name of function |
| ENDFCT | end of function |
| ! some text and comments | The '!' sign will comment out the complete command line |
| EndInit | End of the area for the initialization (for initialization of the „not-time-consuming“ commands) |

Robot Motion Commands

| Command and Syntax | Description |
|--|---|
| ! some text and comments | The '!' sign will comment out the complete command line |
| OV_PRO x [%] | Programmable Override x - percentage value |
| SPEED_CP dx dx_e [m/s] | Speed for continuous path motion dx - cartesian speed [dx_e] – cartesian speed at target |
| SPEED_ORI dx_ori dx_e_ori [deg/s] | Orientation Speed for continuous path motion dx_ori - orientation speed [dx_e_ori] - orientation speed at target |
| SPEED_PTP v ve [m/s, deg/s] | Speed for PTP motion v - joint speed [ve] - joint speed at target <i>Remark: command obsolete – use SPEED_PTP_AX instead</i> |
| ACCEL_CP ax ax_e [m/s ²] | Acceleration for continuous path motion ax - cartesian acceleration [ax_e] - cartesian acceleration at target |
| ACCEL_ORI ax_ori ax_e_ori [deg/s ²] | Orientation Acceleration for continuous path motion ax_ori - orientation acceleration ax_e_ori - orientation acceleration at target |
| ACCEL_PTP aq aq_end [m/s ² , deg/s ²] | Acceleration for PTP motion aq - joint acceleration [aq_e] - joint acceleration at target <i>Remark: command obsolete – use ACCEL_PTP_AX instead</i> |
| SPEED_PTP_AX v1 .. vn [m/s, deg/s] | Speed for PTP motion for every axis v1 - Joint(1) - joint speed [vn] – Joint(n) - joint speed |
| ACCEL_PTP_AX a1 .. an [m/s ² , deg/s ²] | Acceleration for PTP motion for every axis a1 - Joint(1) acceleration [an] - Joint(n) acceleration |
| SPEED_PTP_OV x [%] | Percentage speed (for PTP motion) of the maximum speed values (for every axis) x – value in percent |
| ACCEL_PTP_OV x [%] | Percentage acceleration (for PTP motion) of the maximum acceleration values (for every axis) x - value in percent |
| SPEED_CP_OV x [%] | Percentage speed (for continuous path motion) of the maximum speed values (for every axis) x - value in percent |
| ACCEL_CP_OV x [%] | Percentage acceleration (for continuous path motion) of the maximum acceleration values (for every axis) x - value in percent |
| SPEED_ORI_CP_OV x [%] | Percentage orientation-speed (for continuous path motion) of the maximum speed values (for every axis) x - value in percent |
| ACCEL_ORI_CP_OV x [%] | Percentage orientation-acceleration (for continuous path motion) of the maximum acceleration values (for every axis) x - value in percent |

| Command and Syntax | Description |
|--|---|
| CONFIG n | Robot Configuration n - configuration number |
| TOOL X Y Z A B C [m,deg] | Tool data from tip to TCP XYZ - Position ABC - Orientation |
| TOOL tagname | Tool data from tip to TCP tagname - name of Tag |
| TOOL DEVICE robname | Sets the TCP for the current Robot to the TCP data of the robot 'robname'. This command is useful after another robot is grabbed. |
| TOOL toolname | Sets the tool / the TCP to the tool with name ,toolname' |
| TOOL DEVICE tool_dev_name toolname | Sets the TCP for the current Robot to the tool data of the tool ,toolname' of the selected devices 'tool_dev_name'. This command is useful after another robot is grabbed |
| EXT_TCP X Y Z A B C [m,deg] | Extern TCP XYZ - Position ABC - Orientation |
| EXT_TCP tagname | Extern TCP tagname - name of Tag |
| BASE X Y Z A B C [m,deg] | Shift Targets by BASE frame The goal of all BASE commands is to shift program commands. The BASE command is always with respect to the robots base. (see also ERC BASE ...) i.e. All following motion commands are transformed by the current base frame. XYZ - Position ABC - Orientation Note: see also ERC BASE BODY bodyname ERC BASE TCP |
| BASE tagname | Program BASE tagname - name of Tag |
| BASE_REL dX dY dZ dA dB dC [m,deg] | Relative Program BASE Shift the current base frame by the relative location dXdYdZ - delta Position, dAdBdC - delta Orientation |
| BASE_PRG X Y Z A B C [m,deg] | The BASE_PRG command operates with respect to the current BASE frame. The final reference for all motion and position commands with respect to the robots base is calculated as: $T_base_final = T_base_prg * T_base$ (T - homogeneous 4x4 matrix) XYZ – Position, ABC - Orientation |
| BASE_PRG_REL dX dY dZ dA dB dC [m,deg] | Relative Program BASE_PRG dXdYdZ - delta Position, dAdBdC - delta Orientation |

| | |
|--|---|
| LEADING_POSITION x | Leading Position for continuous path motion ON - Position has priority, keeps speed on a path OFF - Orientation has priority VAR - slowest profile has priority |
| LEADING_ORIENTATION x | Leading Orientation for continuous path motion (Opposite form LEADING_POSITION) ON - Orientation has priority OFF - Position has priority, keeps speed on a path VAR - slowest profile has priority |
| HOME n | Home position n - number of home position |
| HOME homepositionname | Home position homepositionname - name of home position |
| HOME \$NAME_N | Homeposition \$NAME_N Name of the home position defined by the command ERC SET_PARAMETER \$NAME_1 'name' |
| SLEW X Y Z A B C [m,deg] [Extax1 Extax2 ...] | SLEW (PTP), each Joint reaches its target at different time XYZ – Position, ABC – Orientation, Extax – external axis values |
| SLEW_REL dX dY dZ dA dB dC [m,deg] | Relative SLEW dXdYdZ - delta Position, dAdBdC - delta Orientation |
| SLEW tagname | SLEW (PTP), each Joint reaches its target at different time tagname - name of Tag |
| SLEW_AX q1 .. qn [m,deg] | Joint specific SLEW q1..qn - target Joint/Axis |
| SLEW_AX_REL dq1..dqn [m,deg] | Relative Joint specific SLEW dq1..dqn - delta Joint/Axis |
| PTP X Y Z A B C [m,deg] [Extax1 Extax2 ...] | Full-Synchro PTP XYZ – Position, ABC – Orientation, Extax – external axis values |
| PTP_REL dX dY dZ dA dB dC [m,deg] | Relative Full-Synchro PTP dXdYdZ - delta Position, dAdBdC - delta Orientation |
| PTP tagname | Full-Synchro PTP tagname - name of Tag |
| PTP_AX q1 .. qn [m,deg] | Joint specific Full-Synchro PTP q1..qn - target Joint/Axis |
| PTP_AX_REL dq1..dqn [m,deg] | Relative Joint specific Full-Synchro PTP dq1..dqn - delta Joint/Axis |
| LIN X Y Z A B C [m,deg]] [Extax1 Extax2 ...] | Linear CP motion XYZ – Position, ABC – Orientation Extax - external axis values |
| LIN_REL dX dY dZ dA dB dC [m,deg] | Relative Linear CP motion dXdYdZ - delta Position, dAdBdC - delta Orientation |
| LIN TagName | Linear CP motion Tag name - name of Tag |
| LIN_ORI ori_type | Orientation Interpolation type for Linear CP motion ori_type - VARIABLE, FIX, TANGENTIAL, AUX, VARIABLE2, QUATERNION |

| | |
|---|--|
| MOVE TagNames[] MOVE TagIdx[] | Moves to one or more Tagpoints in tag motion type. Example: Path with 4 tag points { T1, T2, T3, T4}, T1 has PTP motype T2 has LIN motype T3 has CIRC motype T4 has VIA motype MOVE T1 T4 T3 T2 moves to T1 in ptp, to T3 in circ via T4 and to T2 in lin motion type. Using Tagindex, MOVE 1 4 3 2 causes the same motion. |
| Along path TagNameStrt TagNameEnd | Move along a path path : Path name to move along TagNameStrt - first Tag to move to TagNameEnd - last Tag to move to TagNameStrt, TagNameEnd are identified by names "T_1" or by Idx Examples: along path01 T_1 T_5, moves from Tag "T_1" to "T_5" along path01 T_1 -1, moves from Tag "T_1" to last Tag in cPath along path01 2 6, moves from 2 nd Tag to 6 th Tag in Path "path01" Note: The motion type, speeds, etc. depending on Tag attributes when "ERC USE_TAG_ATTRIBUTES ON" is set. |
| CIRC X Y Z A B C [X2 Y2 Z2] [m,deg] | Circular CP motion XYZ – Position, ABC - Orientation [X2 Y2 Z2] – Via Point Pose |
| CIRC_REL dX dY dZ dA dB dC [dX2 dY2 dZ2] [m,deg] | Relative Circular CP motion dXdYdZ - delta Position, dAdBdC - delta Orientation [dX2 dY2 dZ2] - delta Via Point position |
| CIRC tagname [TagName2] | Circular CP motion tagname - name of target Tag [tagname2] - name of via point tag position |
| CIRC_ORI ori_type | Orientation Interpolation type for Circular CP motion ori_type - VARIABLE, FIX, TANGENTIAL, AUX, VARIABLE2, QUATERNION |
| CIRC_ORI_QUAT_IPO ori_quat_type START_VIA_END [START_END, START_VIAORI_END, TANGENTIAL, FIX] | Orientation Interpolation type for Circular CP motion when CIRC_ORI = QUATERNION START_VIA_END – The x axis alignment in the via point determine the orientation interpolation START_END – The orientation interpolation is determined by the orientation of start and target location. START_VIAORI_END – During CIRC-Interpolation the via point orientation in is reached in the via point. TANGENTIAL – The x axis is guided tangential at the circular segment FIX – The orientation is kept unchanged, hereby the orientation in the target is ignored. |

| | |
|---|---|
| VIA_POS X Y Z A B C [m,deg] | Via Position for Circular CP motion XYZ – Position, ABC - Orientation |
| VIA_POS_REL dX dY dZ dA dB dC [m,deg] | Relative Via Position for Circular CP motion dXdYdZ - delta Position, dAdBdC - delta Orientation |
| VIA_POS tagname | Via Position for Circular CP motion tagname - name of via point Tag pose |
| JUMP_TO X Y Z A B C [m,deg] | Jump to target location XYZ – Position, ABC - Orientation |
| JUMP_TO tagname | Jump to target location tagname - name of target Tag |
| JUMP_TO_AX q1 .. qn [m,deg] | Jump to target joint axis q1..qn - target Joint/Axis |
| WAIT x [sec] | Wait Statement x - time in seconds |
| ZONE | Rounding parameter. The command „Zone = 0“ forces the robot to move to the exact position |
| AUTO_ACCEL ON [OFF/AX/POS/ORI] | Automatic calculation of acceleration dependent on programmed speed. AX – Calculation for PTP motions POS – Calculation for CP motions for Position ORI – Calculation for CP motions for Orientation ON – Calculation for PTP, POS and ORI OFF – Calculation deactivated |
| ACCSET Acc Ramp | Lagging of accelerations. The arguments Acc and Ramp are given in percentage values in the range 20% to 100%. Acc – Acceleration and Deceleration as percentage value of normal values Ramp – Change of Acceleration and Deceleration as percentage value of normal values |
| PTP_CALC_MODE SHORTEST_ANGLE [TURN, MATH, IN_TRAVEL_RANGE, VAR_CONFIG] | Calculation specification for PTP motion. SHORTEST_ANGLE – shortest angle TURN – use TURN parameter MATH – mathematical within [-180°,180°] IN_TRAVEL_RANGE – within valid travel ranges if possible VAR_CONFIG – variable Configuration, calculation of shortest angle could result in new configuration. |
| TURN Turn_Ax1 ... Turn_Axn | TURN-Values for each axis Ax1...Axn, for the following PTP or SLEW Target, if TURN-Intervals are defined |
| MSG text | ‘Text’ will be shown in the program window |
| NATIVE command | The native command can be used 1 by 1 in the post processor API. It has no effect in the simulation |

IF, While and Goto Statements

| Command and Syntax | Description |
|---|--|
| IF <i>condition</i> <i>! enter ERPL,ERCL here</i> ELSEIF <i>condition2</i> <i>! enter ERPL,ERCL here</i> ELSEIF <i>condition3</i> <i>! enter ERPL,ERCL here</i> ELSE <i>! enter ERPL,ERCL here</i> ENDIF | <p>IF Statement (checking condition for true and false)</p> <p>The condition is a mathematical expression and will be checked for "True" and "False". The condition is true when greater zero.</p> <p>Example: $xx > yy$, thus the robot will move to Tag 'T_1'</p> <pre>xx=3; yy=1 IF gt(xx,yy) LIN T_1 ELSEIF lt(xx,yy) LIN T_2 ELSEIF eq(xx,yy) LIN T_3 ELSE ! enter ERPL,ERCL here ENDIF</pre> |
| WHILE <i>condition</i> <i>! enter ERPL,ERCL here</i> ENDWHILE | <p>While-loop (checking condition for true and false)</p> <p>The condition is a mathematical expression and will be checked for "True" and "False". The condition is true when greater zero.</p> <p>Example: The robot will move along path 'path01' three times</p> <pre>xx=4; yy=1 WHILE gt(xx,yy) xx = xx-1 ALONG PATH01 T_1 T_5 ENDWHILE</pre> |
| GOTO LABEL <i>label_name</i> LABEL <i>label_name</i> | <p>GOTO Statement (to jump to another program line)</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>GOTO LABEL my_label ... ! skip all these program lines ... LABEL my_label</pre> <p>Tips:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - use labels only if necessary - a label can be placed everywhere, but only once in a program file - never use labels to exit an if-else-endif or a while-endwhile statement |

Commands for I/O Signals

| Kommando und Syntax | Beschreibung |
|--|--|
| WAIT_UNTIL_SIGNAL_SET <i>my_signal</i> | <p>Will wait until the signal is set.</p> <p>The command is checking a condition on „True“ and „False“. The condition is a mathematical expression, which is true if greater than 0.5.</p> <pre> WAIT_UNTIL_SIGNAL_SET my_signal ! continues when the signal „my_signal“ is set ! will wait as long as the signal „my_signal“ is not set </pre> |
| WAIT_UNTIL_SIGNAL_UNSET <i>T my_signal</i> | <p>Will wait until the signal is not set anymore.</p> <p>Das Kommando prüft eine Bedingung auf „True“ und „False“. Dabei ist die Bedingung ein mathematischer Ausdruck und ist wahr, wenn größer 0.5</p> <pre> WAIT_UNTIL_SIGNAL_UNSET my_signal ! continues when the signal „my_signal“ is not set anymore ! will wait as long as the signal „my_signal“ is set </pre> |
| WAIT_FOR_CONDITION <i>condition</i> | <p>Will check a given condition.</p> <pre> WAIT_FOR_CONDITION gt(my_signal ,0) ! continues if condition is true ! will wait if condition is false </pre> |

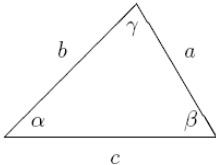
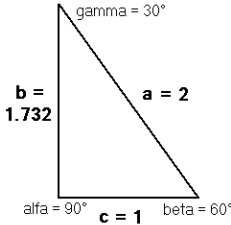
Math Parser Constants

| Command and Syntax | Description | Example |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| PI | Circle number 3.1415926 | $U = 2 \cdot \pi \cdot \text{radius}$ |
| e | Exponential value 2.718282 | $e = \exp(1)$ |
| RAD | Convert degree \rightarrow radiant | $\text{RAD} = \text{PI} / 180^\circ = 0.017453$ |
| DEG | Convert radiant \rightarrow degree | $\text{DEG} = 180^\circ / \text{PI} = 57.295778$ |
| m2mm | Convert m \rightarrow mm | $\text{m2mm} = 1000$ |
| mm2m | Convert mm \rightarrow m | $\text{mm2m} = 0.001$ |
| m2inch | Convert m \rightarrow inch | $\text{m2inch} = 39.37$ |
| inch2m | Convert inch \rightarrow m | $\text{inch2m} = 0.0254$ |
| mm2inch | Convert mm \rightarrow inch | $\text{mm2inch} = 0.03937$ |
| inch2mm | Convert inch \rightarrow mm | $\text{inch2mm} = 25.4$ |
| mps2mmpmin | Convert mps \rightarrow mmpmin | $\text{mps2mmpmin} = 60000$ |
| mmpmin2mps | Convert mmpmin \rightarrow mps | $\text{mmpmin2mps} = 1/60000$ |
| TRUE | 1 | WHILE TRUE ENDWHILE |
| FALSE | 0 | done = FALSE |
| unit2m | Convert userunit \rightarrow m | scale = unit2m |
| m2unit | Convert m \rightarrow userunit | scale = m2unit |
| ans | Answer, last result | |
| DIM | 3 | |
| DOF6 | 6 | |

Math Parser Functions

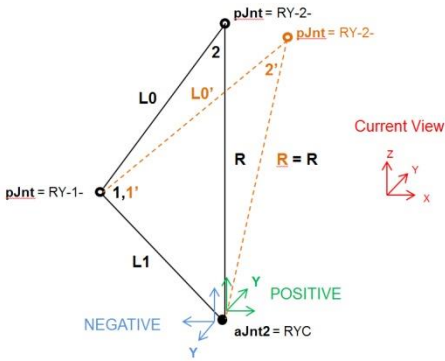
| Command and Syntax | Description | Example |
|--------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|
| abs (x) | Absolute value | abs (-6) = 6.000000 |
| asin (x)*DEG | Inverse Sine | asin (0.5)*DEG = 30 |
| acos (x)*DEG | Inverse Cosine | acos (0.5)*DEG = 60 |
| atan (x)*DEG | Inverse Tangent | atan (1)*DEG = 45 |
| atan2 (y,x)*DEG | Arcuskotangens | atan2 (2,-1)*DEG = -116.56501 |
| cos (x*RAD) | Cosine | cos (45*RAD) = 0.707107 |
| cosh (x) | Cosine-hyperbola | cosh (0) = 1.000000 |
| ceil (x) | Ceiling | ceil (2.83) = 3.000000 |
| exp (x) | Exponential | exp (0) = 1.000000 |
| eq (x,y) | Equal to | eq (5,5) = 1.000000 |
| fact (x) | Factorial | fact (6) = 720.000000 |
| floor (x) | Floor | floor (2.83) = 2.000000 |
| gt (x,y) | Greater than | gt (5,3) = 1.000000 |
| ge (x,y) | Greater equal | ge (5,5) = 1.000000 |
| int (x) | Integer | int (2.83) = 2.000000 |
| ln (x) | Natural logarithm | ln (2) = 0.693147 |
| Log (x) | Logarithm | log (2) = 0.301030 |
| lt (x,y) | Less than | lt (3,5) = 1.000000 |
| le (x,y) | Less equal | le (5,5) = 1.000000 |
| min(1,2) | Minimum of two arguments | min(1,2) = 1.000000 |
| max(1,2) | Maximum of two arguments | max(1,2) = 2.000000 |
| ne (x,y) | Not equal | ne (3,5) = 1.000000 |
| pow (x,y) | Power | pow (2,3) = 8.000000 |
| rnd (x) | Random | Rnd (10)-5 = 3.772546 |
| Sqrt (x) | Square root | sqrt (2) = 1.414214 |
| sin (x*RAD) | Sine | sin (45*RAD) = 0.707107 |
| sinh (x) | Sine-hyperbola | sinh (1) = 1.175201 |
| sign (x) | Sign | sign (-2.83) = -1.000000 |
| tan (x*RAD) | Tangent | tan (45*RAD) = 1.000000 |
| tanh (x) | Tangent-hyperbola | tanh (1) = 0.761594 |
| trunk (x) | Truncate | Trunk (-2.83) = -2.000000 |

Triangle Parser Functions

| Command and Syntax | Description | Example |
|---|---|--|
| $\text{beta} = \text{tr_assa}(\text{alfa}, c, a)$ angle side side > angle | Triangle calculation:  In: alfa, c, a Out: beta |  $\text{tr_assa}(90^\circ\text{RAD}, 1, 2) * \text{DEG} = 60^\circ = \text{beta}$ |
| $\text{gamma} = \text{tr_assa2}(\text{alfa}, c, a)$ angle side side > angle2 | In: alfa, c, a Out: gamma | $\text{tr_assa2}(90^\circ\text{RAD}, 1, 2) * \text{DEG} = 30^\circ = \text{gamma}$ |
| $b = \text{tr_asss}(\text{alfa}, c, a)$ angle side side > side | In: alfa, c, a Out: b | $\text{tr_asss}(90^\circ\text{RAD}, 1, 2) = 1.732051 = b = \sqrt{2^2 - 1^2}$ |
| $b = \text{tr_sass}(c, \text{beta}, a)$ side angle side > side | In: c, beta, a Out: b | $\text{tr_sass}(1, 60^\circ\text{RAD}, 2) = 1.732051 = b = \sqrt{2^2 - 1^2}$ |
| $\text{gamma} = \text{tr_sasa}(c, \text{beta}, a)$ side angle side > angle | In: c, beta, a Out: gamma | $\text{tr_sasa}(1, 60^\circ\text{RAD}, 2) * \text{DEG} = 30^\circ = \text{gamma}$ |
| $\text{alfa} = \text{tr_sssa}(a, b, c)$ side side side > angle | In: a, b, c Out: alfa | $\text{tr_sssa}(2, \sqrt{3}, 1) * \text{DEG} = 90^\circ = \text{alfa}$ |
| $\text{gamma} = \text{tr_sasssa}(d, \text{beta}, a, b, c)$ side angle side side side > angle | 4 - angle calculation In: d, beta, a, b, c Out: gamma beta is between <d,a> gamma is between <a,b> | $\text{tr_sasssa}(1, 90^\circ\text{RAD}, 2, 1, 3) * \text{DEG} = 158.6955^\circ = \text{gamma}$ |
| $\text{delta} = \text{tr_sasssa2}(d, \text{beta}, a, b, c)$ side angle side side side > angle | In: d, beta, a, b, c Out: delta beta is between <d,a> delta is between <b,c> | $\text{tr_sasssa2}(1, 90^\circ\text{RAD}, 2, 1, 3) * \text{DEG} = 33.55731^\circ = \text{delta}$ |

Robot related Parser Functions

| Command and Syntax | Description | Example |
|------------------------------|--|--|
| num_dof() | Number of active Joints | num_dof() = 6 |
| num_pdof() | Number of passive Joints | num_pdof() = 1 |
| dof(aJnt _number) | Robot joint value with 'aJnt _number' [1..ndof] in radiant [rad] or meter [m] | dof(1) * DEG = -0.132455 |
| pdof(pJnt _number) | Passive robot joint value 'pJnt _number' [1..npdof] in radiant or meter | pdof(1) * DEG = -0.132455 |
| dofoffsetsign(aJnt _number) | Consider joint offset and sign = dof(jn) * jntsign(jn) - jntoff(jn) | dofoffsetsign(1) = -0.132455 |
| jntoff(aJnt _number) | Joint offset for robot | jntoff(2) = 0.174533 |
| jntsign(aJnt _number) | Sign of joint | jntsign(1) = 1.000000 |
| mtounit() | Meter-to-Unit | mtounit() = 1000.000000 |
| robb(direction) | Robotbase w.r.t. Reference system in [m,rad] direction = [1..6] with 1=x, 5=Ry | robb(1)*m2mm = 0.000000 robb(5)*deg = 45.000000 |
| swen(aJnt) | Negative travel range limit [rad,m] | swen(1) = -3.141593 |
| swep(aJnt) | Positive travel range limit [rad,m] | swep(1) = 3.141593 |
| swen_calc(aJnt) | Negative calculated travel range limit [rad,m] | swen_calc(1) = -3.141593 |
| swep_calc(aJnt) | Positive calculated travel range limit [rad,m] | swep_calc(1) = 3.141593 |
| tcp (direction) | TCP w.r.t. Robot base in [m,rad] direction = [1..6] with 1=x, 5=Ry | tcp(1)*m2mm = 1798.858523 tcp(5)* DEG = 95.000000 |
| tcpi (direction) | TCP w.r.t. World 'i' in [m,rad] direction = [1..6] with 1=x, 5=Ry | tcpi(1)*m2mm = 1798.858523 tcpi(5)* DEG = 95.000000 |
| ctool (direction) | current Tool data [m,rad] direction = [1..6] mit 1=x, 5=Ry | ctool(3)*m2mm = 150.000000 ctool(5)* DEG = 30.000000 |
| tool(tool _number,direction) | Tool data [m,rad] tool _number – number of tool direction = [1..6] mit 1=x, 5=Ry | tool(1,3)*m2mm = 150.000000 tool(1,5)* DEG = 30.000000 |
| la (aJnt , direction) | Transformation to next active Joint aJnt – Number active Joint [0..ndof] direction = [1..6] mit 1=x, 5=Ry Note: aJnt = 0 → Rbase to 1 st Joint | la(0,1)*m2mm = 0.000000 la(1,1)*m2mm = 0.000000 la(6,5)* DEG = 90.000000 |

| Command and Syntax | Description | Example |
|---|--|---|
| lp (pJnt , direction) | Transformation to next passive Joint pJnt - Number passive Joint [1..npdof] direction = [1..6] mit 1=x, 5=Ry | lp(1,1)*m2mm = 0.000000 lp(1,5)* DEG = 0.000000 |
| lp0 (pJnt , direction) | Transformation from last passive Joint pJnt - Number passive Joint [1..npdof] direction = [1..6] mit 1=x, 5=Ry | lp0(1,1)*m2mm = 0.000000 lp0(1,5)* DEG = 0.000000 |
| JNTDAMP_TRI(L0, L1, R, position, aJ2_ori, pjnt_angle) | <p>Angular variation of the pJnt-axis in dependency of aJnt2 [rad]</p>  <p>Note: consider initial (Start-)position of robot</p> <p>L0 = Distance pJnt to pJnt in [mm] L1 = Distance aJnt2 RYC to pJnt RY-1- in [mm] R = Distance aJnt2 RYC to pJnt RY-2- in [mm]</p> <p>position – position of pJnt RY-2- to aJnt2 RYC [DAMP_BELOW, DAMP_ABOVE] with DAMP_BELOW = 0: below aJnt2 with DAMP_ABOVE = 1: above aJnt2</p> <p>aJ2_ori – Orientation of y-axis (rotation) of aJnt2 RYC in relation to Current View [POSITIVE, NEGATIVE] with POSITIVE = 1: pos. direction (weg) with NEGATIVE = -1: neg. direction (hin)</p> <p>pjnt_angle = [1..2] with 1 = Function returns angular variation of the angle between L0 and L1 with 2 = Function returns angular variation of the angle between L0 and R</p> | <p>L0=400.000 L1=300.000 R=500.000</p> <p>Example 1: dof(2)*DEG=0.000° JNTDAMP_TRI(L0,L1,R, DAMP_ABOVE,POSITIVE,1)*DEG = 0.000° JNTDAMP_TRI(L0,L1,R, DAMP_ABOVE,POSITIVE,2)*DEG = 0.000°</p> <p>Example 2: dof(2)*DEG=10.000° JNTDAMP_TRI(L0,L1,R, DAMP_ABOVE,POSITIVE,1)*DEG = 9.42° JNTDAMP_TRI(L0,L1,R, DAMP_ABOVE,POSITIVE,2)*DEG = - 0.58°</p> |

| Command and Syntax | Description | Example |
|---|---|--|
| unittom() | Unit-to-Meter | unittom() = 0.001000 |
| collision() | Return 1 if collision detected, else 0 | coll = collision() |
| collision_devices_idx (dev_idx1, dev_idx2) | Checks whether the 1st device with the device idx dev_idx1 collides with the 2nd device dev_idx2. The parameters dev_idx1 and dev_idx2 can be set flexible, so that e.g. the 1st device is checked against all other devices dev_idx2 = 0 in the work cell for collision. Return 1 if collision detected, else 0 | coll = collision_devices_idx(1,2) coll = collision_devices_idx(3,2) coll = collision_devices_idx(1,0) coll = collision_devices_idx(0,2) |
| collision_devices_name ("DeviceName1", "DeviceName2") | Checks whether the 1st device with the device name "DeviceName1" collides with the 2nd device "DeviceName2". The parameters "DeviceName1" and "DeviceName2" can be set flexible, so that e.g. the 1st device is checked against all other devices "DeviceName2" = "0" in the work cell for collision. Return 1 if collision detected, else 0 | coll = collision_devices_name ("dev1","dev2") coll = collision_devices_name (dev1,dev2) coll = collision_devices_name ("dev1","0") coll = collision_devices_name (dev2,0) |
| get_device_idx ("DeviceName") | Returns the device idx in the range [1 to n = number of devices] of the device named "DeviceName". The parameter "DeviceName" can be chosen flexibly, so that e.g. "" or () returns the device idx of the current device. If an error occurs, 0 is returned. | dev_idx = get_devices_idx ("dev1") dev_idx = get_devices_idx (dev1) cdev_idx = get_devices_idx ("") cdev_idx = get_devices_idx () |
| sim_time() | global simulation time in sec | simtime = sim_time() |
| sim_realtime() | real simulation time in sec | simrealtime = sim_realtime() |
| sim_step() | simulation step size in sec | simstep = sim_step() |

EASY-ROB™

ERCL - EASY-ROB™ Command Language

ERCL is an extension of ERPL, to automate nearly all user interactions inside a robot program. Examples are: Switch ON/OFF the TCP trace, collision, TCP coorsys, load another view, render bodies to flat, wire or invisible, set a new color, change the simulation step size or the motion planner step size, move bodies, define and move body lists, move the robots base, etc.. This feature is useful to create more advanced and effective simulations

| Command and Syntax | Description |
|---------------------------|---|
| ERC SET_DEFAULTS | Set default values: Enables the robot, tool and environment bodies. Disables the robot joint coorsys. |
| ERC SIM_STEP x [sec] | Set Simulation step size x - simulation step size Note: This command switches "Realtime OFF" automatically |
| ERC CNTRL_STEP x [sec] | Set Controller sample rate x - controller sample rate |
| ERC SYSTEM_STEP x [sec] | Set robot modell sample rate x - model sample rate |
| ERC IPO_STEP x [sec] | Set Interpolation sample rate x - ipo sample rate |
| ERC IPO_LEAD_TIME x [sec] | Set IPO Lead time, the motion will start after this time. x - ipo lead time |
| ERC IPO_LAG_TIME x [sec] | Set IPO Lag time, at the end of motion, the robot will rest in that pose for this time before moving to the next target pose. x - ipo lag time |

ERCL - ON / OFF Commands

| Command and Syntax | Description |
|-------------------------------|--|
| ERC TRACK ON,OFF | Enables / Disables the TCP trace |
| ERC DYNAMICS ON,OFF | Enables / Disables Dynamics |
| ERC STOP_SWE ON,OFF | Enables / Disables monitoring of software end switches |
| ERC STOP_SPEED ON,OFF | Enables / Disables monitoring of joint/axis speed |
| ERC STOP_ACCEL ON,OFF | Enables / Disables monitoring of joint/axis acceleration |
| ERC STOP_CART_SPACE ON,OFF | Enables / Disables monitoring of cartesian space limits |
| ERC COLLISION ON,OFF | Enables / Disables monitoring of collision |
| ERC STOP_COLLISION ON,OFF | Enables / Disables the STOP motion on collision |
| ERC RED_BLUE_COLLISION ON,OFF | Enables / Disables red blue collision |





| | |
|--|--|
| ERC ROBOT_JOINTS * ERC ROBOT_POSITION * ERC ROBOT_MOTIONDATA * ERC ROBOT_PARSERVERS * * = ON,OFF | Enables / Disables the Robots Online Output Data Dialog ROBOT_JOINTS: robot desired joint values ROBOT_POSITION robot desired cartesian pose ROBOT_MOTIONDATA robot motion data ROBOT_PARSERVERS robot parser vars |
| ERC FLOOR ON,OFF | Enables / Disables the Floor |
| ERC FLOOR_RENDER ON,OFF | Enables / Disables the flat shaded floor (flat or wire) |
| ERC EXT_TCP ON,OFF | Enables / Disables external TCP mode |
| ERC ORTHOGRAFIC ON,OFF | Enables / Disables Orthographic view |
| ERC DISPLAY_DEVICE 'device_name' ON,OFF | Enables / Disables the visualization of the device with device name 'DeviceName' |
| ERC DISPLAY_ROBOTS ON,OFF | Enables / Disables the visualization of geometries in all Robot groups |
| ERC DISPLAY_ROBOT_COORSYS ON,OFF | Enables / Disables the visualization of yellow/green colored Robot Joint/Axis Coorsys |
| ERC DISPLAY_TOOLS ON,OFF | Enables / Disables the visualization of geometries in all Tool groups |
| ERC DISPLAY_BODIES ON,OFF | Enables / Disables the visualization of geometries in Body / Environment group |
| ERC TCP_COORSYS ON,OFF | Enables / Disables the visualization of blue colored Tool/TCP Coorsys |
| ERC IPO_COORSYS ON,OFF | Enables / Disables the visualization of red colored IPO Coorsys |
| ERC BASE_COORSYS ON/OFF | Enables / Disables the visualization of green colored Base Coorsys |
| ERC CREATE_TARGET_TAGS ON/OFF | Enables / Disables creating Tag at target location |
| ERC RESET_ALL_POSITIONS_JOI NTS ON/OFF | Enables / Disables resets all positions and robot joints |
| ERC NO_DECEL ON/OFF | Enables / Disables the Speed deceleration at target pose NO_DECEL=ON : will set ZONE=0.1 if ZONE<> 0 NO_DECEL=OFF : will set ZONE=0 |
| ERC GRAFIC_UPDATE ON/OFF | Enables / Disables the visualization of the Render Scene during program Execution. This command is useful to hide background command |
| ERC DISPLAY_TAGS ON/OFF | Enables / Disables the visualization of all Pathes with its Tag poses |
| ERC VIEW_CHOREOGRAPHY ON,OFF | activates / deactivates View Choreography, thus "ERC LOAD View ..." commands are skipped |
| ERC DISPLAY_ROBOT_COORSYS ON, OFF | activates / deactivates visualization of the robots joint coorsys for all active and passive joints |
| ERC DISPLAY_ROBOT_NAME ON, OFF | activates / deactivates visualization of the robots name |

| | |
|--|--|
| ERC SHOW_CART_SPACE ON/OFF | activates / deactivates visualization of the cartesian space limits |
| ERC STATUS_OUTPUT ON/OFF [1-at simstep,2-at target pose] [flnname] [fct# 0-12] | <p>Enables / Disables the Status Output during program execution. Using this feature allows you to save the complete simulation status in an own defined format. Typical values are joint/axis data and also cartesian TCP location.</p> <p>Parameter:</p> <p>1st : 1 - save status data every simstep 2 - save status data at target location</p> <p>2nd : filename, e.g. "out.dat"</p> <p>3rd : Function number -1 - default output inside EASY-ROB™ for matlab visualization 0 - default output inside EASY-ROB™ 1..12 - user defined output, see example API-DYN status_output_user_1() defined in file <i>dyn_user.cpp</i></p> <p>Example: in folder ./proj/proj/ Status_Output.cel and Status_Output.prg</p> |
| ERC INTERPOLATION ON/OFF | Disables continuous interpolation, robot jumps to target location |
| ERC REALTIME_SIM ON/OFF | Real time Simulation causes program execution in real time. This mode will calculate the simulation step size permanently. |
| ERC BACKFACES ON/OFF | Enables / Disables visualization of back faces |
| ERC CAMERA ON/OFF | Enables / Disables the Camera. |
| ERCUSE_TAG_ATTRIBUTES ON/OFF | Enables / Disables the use of tag attributes, such as motion type, speed, acceleration, etc. |
| ERC MSG_WIN ON/OFF | Enables / Disables the message window |
| ERC PRG_WIN ON/OFF | Enables / Disables the program window |
| ERC DISPLAY_CROBOT ON,OFF | Enables / Disables the visualization of the current robot |
| ERC DISPLAY_CTOOL ON,OFF | Enables / Disables the visualization of the current tool |
| ERC COLLISION_CROBOT ON/OFF | Enables / Disables the collision check of the current robot |
| ERC COLLISION_CTOOL ON/OFF | Enables / Disables the collision check of the current tool |
| ERC COLLISION_CROBOT_REF ON/OFF | Enables / Disables the reference collision check of the current robot |
| ERC WORLD_COORSYS ON/OFF | Enables / Disables the world coordinate system |
| ERC ALL_COORSYS ON/OFF | Enables / Disables all coordinate system in the workcell |
| ERC HISTORY_DEVICE ON/OFF | Enables / Disables the recording of data (for one device) for the History-Diagram |
| ERC HISTORY_DEVICE ALL_ON / ALL_OFF | Enables / Disables the recording of data (for all devices) for the History-Diagram |
| ERC HISTORY_OUTPUT ON / ALL_ON [flnname] | Start of History-Diagram recording flnname – file name to store the data |
| ERC HISTORY_OUTPUT OFF | Stops the History-Diagram recording |
| ERC CELL_INFO_SHOW ON/OFF | Enables / Disables the Cell Information line |

ERCL - Post Processor Commands

| Command and Syntax | Description |
|----------------------------------|--|
| ERC POST_PROCESS KEY filename | Starts Post Processor. Parameter: KEY Language Key, defined in er_post.dll z. B. ABB, KUKA, FANUC_RJ or COMAU_C5G filename Name of created robot program file |
| ERC POST_PROCESS OFF | Terminate Post Processing |

ERCL - Render Commands

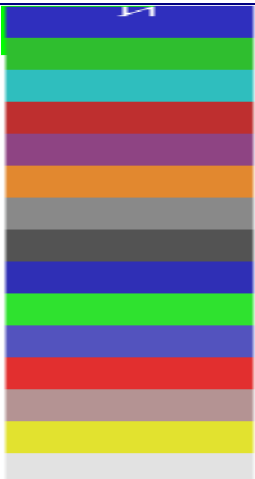
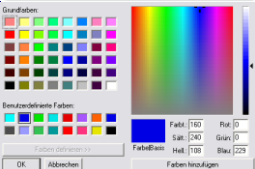
| Command and Syntax | Description |
|--|---|
| ERC RENDER SMOOTH ERC RENDER FLAT | Sets the complete Render Scene FLAT or SMOOTH shaded,  same as icon |
| ERC RENDER WIRE | Sets the complete Render Scene in WIRE frame,  same as icon |
| ERC RENDER POINT | Sets the complete Render Scene as POINTS,  same as icon |
| ERC RENDER BBOX ON,OFF | Sets the complete Render Scene as Bbox (bounded boxes),  same as icon |
| ERC RENDER group bodyname render | Sets/modifies the render of an unique body group - BODY, ROBOT, TOOL bodyname - name of unique body render - WIRE, FLAT, BBOXWIRE, BBOXFLAT, INVISIBLE, POINT, SMOOTH Example: erc render ROBOT 'body_name' WIRE erc render ROBOT 'body_name' FLAT |
| ERC RENDER group render | Sets/modifies the render of all parts in the group group - BODY_GRP, ROBOT_GRP, TOOL_GRP render - WIRE, FLAT, BBOXWIRE, BBOXFLAT, INVISIBLE, POINT, SMOOTH Example: erc render TOOL_GRP WIRE erc render TOOL_GRP FLAT |
| ERC DISPLAY DEVICE 'device_name' ON,OFF | Enables / Disables the visualization of the device with device name 'DeviceName' |

ERCL - Camera Commands

| Command and Syntax | Description |
|--|--|
| ERC CAMERA ON/OFF | Enables / Disables the Camera. |
| ERC CAMERA FOCUS focus [mm] | Set Camera focus focus – focus length Range [12.25 mm to 240 mm], default. 50 mm (middle Mouse) |
| ERC CAMERA Z_OFFSET z_offset [mm] | Set Camera Offset in Z direction z_offset – Z - Offset Range [-200 mm to +500 mm], default. 0 mm (left Mouse) - value zooms out + value zooms in |
| ERC CAMERA BODY [ROBOT,TOOL] bodyname | Attaches the Camera to the origin of CAD geometry |
| ERC CAMERA POSITION XYZ ABC [m,deg] | Offset position w.r.t. the origin of the CAD geometry where the camera is attached to Note: per default, the camera looks in –Z direction (see also OpenGL™) A 180° rotation about y axis turns the camera in many cases into the right direction. |

ERCL - Color Commands

Predefined COLOR values

| | | |
|--|------------------|--------------|
|  | 1 | BLUE |
| | 2 | GREEN |
| | 3 | CYAN |
| | 4 | RED |
| | 5 | MAGENTA |
| | 6 | BROWN |
| | 7 | LIGHTGRAY |
| | 8 | DARKGRAY |
| | 9 | LIGHTBLUE |
| | 10 | LIGHTGREEN |
| | 11 | LIGHTCYAN |
| | 12 | LIGHTRED |
| | 13 | LIGHTMAGENTA |
| | 14 | YELLOW |
| | 15 | WHITE |
|  | 32 Bit RGB Color | |

| Command and Syntax | Description |
|-------------------------------|---|
| ERC COLOR group name color | Sets/modifies the color for an unique body group - BODY, ROBOT, TOOL name - name of body color predefined color Example: erc color TOOL 'tool' RED |
| ERC COLOR group color | Sets/modifies the color of all parts in the group group BODY_GRP, ROBOT_GRP, TOOL_GRP color predefined color Example: erc color TOOL_GRP RED |
| ERC COLOR track color | Sets/modifies the color the robots TCP trace track TRACK, TRACK_DYN color predefined color Example: erc color TRACK RED erc color TRACK -1, for alternating color |
| ERC COLOR tag color | Sets the predefined TAG color color predefined color Note: When creating a new Tag, the tag will have this color |

ERCL - Transparency- Commands

| Kommando und Syntax | Beschreibung |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| ERC TRANSPARENCY group name alpha | Set transparency for each single part or body group - BODY, ROBOT, TOOL name - name of body alpha alpha blend value [0,1] Example: erc transparency TOOL 'tool' 0.5 |
| ERC TRANSPARENCY group alpha | Set transparency for each for all parts in a group group BODY_GRP, ROBOT_GRP, TOOL_GRP alpha alpha blend wert [0,1] Example: erc transparency TOOL_GRP 0.5 |

ERCL - Reset and Save Commands

| Command and Syntax | Description |
|-------------------------|--|
| ERC RESET JOINTPOSITION | Reset the joint/axis position to start condition |
| ERC SAVE JOINTPOSITION | Saves the joint/axis position as start condition |

ERCL - Load Commands

This feature gives the user the ability to load a file, e.g. a robot tool or a view file during program execution.

| Command and Syntax | Description |
|------------------------------------|--|
| ERC LOAD TOOL filename | Loads a Tool file (*.tol) |
| ERC LOAD VIEW filename | Loads a View file (*.vie) Note: The Render Scene interpolates to the new view with the number of 'view steps' ERC VIEW steps n |
| ERC LOAD ROBOT filename | Loads a Robot file (*.rob) |
| ERC LOAD BODY filename | Loads a Body file (*.bod) |
| ERC LOAD TAGS filename | Loads a Tag file (*.tag) |
| ERC LOAD MIMIC filename | Loads a Mimic file (*.mmc) ! Mimic = Machine Interface file |
| ERC LOAD CAMERA filename | Loads a Camera file (*.cam) |
| ERC LOAD ENVIRONMENT [filename] | Loads an Environment file (*.env) |

ERCL - Move Commands

| Command and Syntax | Description |
|--|---|
| ERC MOVE BODY bodyname XYZ ABC [m,deg] | Moves a unique part from the BODY group to a new location bodyname - name of body XYZ - Position. ABC - Orientation |
| ERC MOVE BODY bodyname TagName | Moves a unique part from the BODY group to a new tag point pose. bodyname - name of body TagName - name of Tag |
| ERC MOVE TOOL bodyname XYZ ABC [m,deg] | Moves a unique part from the TOOL group to a new location. bodyname - name of body XYZ - Position ABC - Orientation |
| ERC MOVE TOOL bodyname TagName | Moves a unique part from the TOOL group to a new tag point pose. bodyname - name of body TagName - name of Tag |
| ERC MOVE ROBOT bodyname XYZ ABC [m,deg] | Moves a unique part from the ROBOT group to a new location. bodyname - name of body XYZ - Position ABC - Orientation |
| ERC MOVE ROBOT bodyname TagName | Moves a unique part from the ROBOT group to a new tag point pose. bodyname - name of body TagName - name of Tag |
| ERC MOVE_REL BODY bodyname dXdYdZ dAdBdC [m,deg] | Relative movement of a unique part from the BODY group. bodyname - name of body dXdYdZ - delta Position. dAdBdC - delta Orientation |
| ERC MOVE_REL TOOL bodyname dXdYdZ dAdBdC [m,deg] | Relative movement of a unique part from the TOOL group. bodyname - name of body dXdYdZ - delta Position. dAdBdC - delta Orientation |
| ERC MOVE_REL ROBOT bodyname dXdYdZ dAdBdC [m,deg] | Relative movement of a unique part from the ROBOT group. bodyname - name of body dXdYdZ - delta Position. dAdBdC - delta Orientation |
| ERC MOVE_REL BODY_GRP bodyname dXdYdZ dAdBdC [m,deg] | Relative movement of the complete BODY group, with respect to the reference body. bodyname - name of reference body dXdYdZ - delta Position. dAdBdC - delta Orientation |
| ERC MOVE_REL TOOL_GRP bodyname dXdYdZ dAdBdC [m,deg] | Relative movement of the complete TOOL group, with respect to the reference body. bodyname - name of reference body dXdYdZ - delta Position. dAdBdC - delta Orientation |

| | |
|---|---|
| ERC MOVE_REL ROBOT_GRP bodyname dXdYdZ dAdBdC [m,deg] | Relative movement of the complete ROBOT group, with respect to the reference body. bodyname - name of reference body dXdYdZ - delta Position. dAdBdC - delta Orientation |
| ERC MOVE_REL LIST listname dXdYdZ dAdBdC [m,deg] | Relative movement of all parts defined in a LIST listname - name of List dXdYdZ - delta Position. dAdBdC - delta Orientation |

ERCL - Grab and Release Commands

| Command and Syntax | Description |
|---|---|
| ERC GRAB BODY 'bodyname' | Grab a body Bodyname - name of body |
| ERC GRAB BODY_GRP | Grab all parts in the BODY_GRP |
| ERC RELEASE BODY 'bodyname' | Release a body Bodyname - name of body |
| ERC RELEASE BODY_GRP | Release all parts in the BODY_GRP |
| ERC GRAB DEVICE devname | The current robot grabs the robot/device with name 'devname' |
| ERC GRAB_TO DEVICE devname targetdevname | The device with name 'devname' will be grabbed by a target device with the name 'targetdevname' |
| ERC RELEASE DEVICE devname | The device with the name 'devname' will be released |

ERCL – Robot / Device Commands

| Command and Syntax | Description |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| ERC CURRENT_DEVICE SET 'robotname' | Activates the robots with name 'robotname' Note: All following ERPL- und ERCL-commands refer to the current activated robot. This robot is current 'cRobot' |
| ERC CURRENT_DEVICE UNSET | Disables the current robot and makes the robot before as current. Example: When writing a function to close a spot weld gun do as follows: We suppose that the cRobot is 'MyRobot' erc current_device set SpotWeldGun ptp_ax 0 0 ! move joint 1 and 2 to 0 erc current_device unset ! disables 'SpotWeldGun', enables 'MyRobot' |
| ERC CURRENT_DEVICE CLEAR | Clears the complete device stack |
| ERC CURRENT_DEVICE SHOW | Shows the complete device stack in 'message Window' |
| TOOL DEVICE robotname | Sets the TCP for the current Robot to the TCP data of the robot 'robotname'. This command is useful after another robot is grabbed. |

| | |
|------------------------------------|---|
| ERC ROBOT_BASE XYZ ABC [m,deg] | Move the cRobot base to a new location. XYZ - Position ABC - Orientation |
| ERC ROBOT_BASE tagname | Move the cRobot base to a new Tag location. Tagname - name of TAG |
| ERC ROBOT_BASE_REL XYZ ABC [m,deg] | Relative movement of the cRobot base. dXdYdZ - delta Position. dAdBdC - delta Orientation |

ERCL - TAG Commands

| Command and Syntax | Description |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| ERC CREATE_TARGET_TAGS ON/OFF | Enables / Disables creating Tag at target location. |
| ERC TAGS PREFIX prefixname | Sets the Prefix for Tags Prefixname - name of prefix Note: When creating a new Tag, the tag will have this prefixname |
| ERC TAGS DELETE tagname | Delete a Tag pose from the render scene Tagname - name of Tag |
| ERC TAGS DELETE ALL | Delete all tags from the render Scene |

ERCL - View Commands

| Command and Syntax | Description |
|---|---|
| ERC VIEW steps n | Sets the number of view steps, important when loading a (*.vie) file |
| ERC VIEW hither x | Sets value for the hither plane |
| ERC VIEW yonder x | Sets value for the yonder Plane |
| ERC VIEW zoom x | Zoom the render scene by the value x |
| ERC VIEW zoom_in x | Zoom In the render scene by the value x |
| ERC VIEW zoom_out x | Zoom Out the render scene by the value x |
| ERC VIEW tcp_rot_tcp ABC | Rotate the render scene about the current robots TCP with respect to the TCP orientation ABC - relative Rotations |
| ERC VIEW tcp_rot_world ABC | Rotate the render scene about the current robots TCP with respect to the world frame orientation ABC - relative Rotations |
| ERC VIEW world_rot_base ABC | Rotate the render scene about the world coorsys frame with respect to the robot base frame orientation ABC - relative Rotations |
| ERC VIEW TOP [BOTTOM, LEFT, RIGHT, FRONT, REAR, ZOOM_WORLD] | Zooms the scene in a predefined perspective (Top, Bottom, Left, etc.). ZOOM_WORLD zooms the scene in a visible range |

| | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| ERC VIEW world_rot_world ABC | Rotate the render scene about the world coorsys frame with respect to the world frame orientation ABC - relative Rotations |
| ERC LOAD VIEW filename | Loads a View file (*.vie) Note: The Render Scene interpolates to the new view with the number of 'view steps' |

ERCL - TCP Trace Commands

| Command and Syntax | Description |
|----------------------------|--|
| ERC TRACK_TYPE type [size] | Sets the trace type and style type POINT LINE LINE_Z_DIRECTION, Z_DIRECTION X_DIRECTION Y_DIRECTION [size] length of direction Examples: erc track_type line erc track_type line_z_direction 0.2 erc track_type line_z_direction -0.2 |
| ERC TRACK ON,OFF | Enables / Disables the TCP trace for current robot 'cRobot' |
| ERC COLOR track color | Sets/modifies the color the robotsTCP trace track TRACK, TRACK_DYN color predef. color Example: erc color TRACK RED erc color TRACK -1, for alternating standard colors [1..15] |

ERCL - Collision Commands

| Command and Syntax | Description |
|---|---|
| ERC Collision ON/OFF | Enables / disables the collision detection Note: In case collision is enabled, all geometries belonging to one robot/tool are checked vs. other robots and tools automatically. This is the default collision queue. |
| ERC RED_BLUE_COLLISION ON, OFF | Enables / disables red blue collision In case collision is checked and detected, all colliding geometries are displayed in red color, non colliding geometries displayed in light blue color. |
| ERC COLLISION BODY [ROBOT, TOOL] bodyname OFF, ON=CONCAVE, CONVEX, BBOX | Enables / disables the collision attribute of a Body to OFF, ! Collision for the geometry is disabled ON = CONCAVE ! Collision is checked concave CONVEX ! Collision is checked with convex hue BBOX ! Collision is checked with bounded box hue |
| ERC COLLISION BODY_GRP [ROBOT_GRP, TOOL_GRP] OFF, ON= CONCAVE, CONVEX, BBOX | Enables / disables the collision attribute for a complete Group to off, on=concave, convex or bbox Note: Robot_Grp and Tool_Grp have effect to the geometries belonging to the current selected robot 'cRobot' |
| ERC COLLISION QUEUE BODY_ROBOT [BODY_TOOL, ROBOT_TOOL, GRABBODY_ROBOT, GRABBODY_BODY, ROBOT_ROBOT BODY_BODY ALL] ON,OFF | Enables / disables a predefined collision queues BODY_ROBOT – checks collision between body vs. robot BODY_TOOL – checks collision between body vs. tool ROBOT_TOOL – checks collision between robot vs. tool GRABBODY_ROBOT – checks collision between grabbed bodies' vs. robot GRABBODY_BODY – checks collision between grabbed bodies' vs. and not grabbed bodies ROBOT_ROBOT – checks collision between all geometries belonging to the same Robot_Grp BODY_BODY – checks collision between all geometries belonging to the same Body_Grp ALL – enable/disable all predefined queues |
| ERC COLLISION_TOL BODY [ROBOT, TOOL] bodyname tolerance [mm] | Tolerance value for body ,bodyname' from Body-, Robot or Tool- group with concave collision check in [mm] |
| ERC COLLISION_TOL BODY_GRP [ROBOT_GRP, TOOL_GRP] tolerance [mm] | Tolerance value for complete group with concave collision check in [mm] |
| ERC COLLISION DISTANCE tolerance [mm] | Sets global collision threshold 'tolerance' in mm. Collision is detected if the minimal distance between two tested geometries is less then this collision threshold value 'tolerance'. |

ERCL - Attach Commands

| | |
|---|--|
| ERC ATTACH ROBOT 'bodyname' to _ROBOT ['bodyname2'] | Reattaches a body (geometry) to another robot joint inside a Robot_Grp, defined by 'bodyname2' Note: the body is attached to the robot base if no 2 nd body is specified |
| ERC ATTACH ROBOT 'bodyname' to _TOOL | Reattaches a body to the tip of the cRobot |

ERCL - Unit Commands

| | |
|-----------------------|--|
| ERC UNIT M | Sets the unit to meter [m] for all following ERPL & ERCL commands Example: speed_cp 0.1 is 100 mm/s |
| ERC UNIT MM | Sets the unit to millimeter [mm] for all following ERPL & ERCL commands Example: speed_cp 100 is 100 mm/s |
| ERC UNIT INCH | Sets the unit to inch [inch] for all following ERPL & ERCL commands Example: speed_cp 1 is 25.4 mm/s |
| ERC UNIT DEG | Sets the rotation unit to degree [°] Example: speed_ori 20 is 20°/s |
| ERC UNIT RAD | Sets the rotation unit to radian [rad] Example: speed_ori 3.1415 is 180°/s |
| ERC UNIT TRANS_SCAL x | Scales the internal unit [m] by the user defined value x Example: x=10 speed_cp 0.1 is 1 m/s = 1000 mm/s |
| ERC UNIT ROT_SCAL x | Scales the internal unit [°] by the user defined value x Example: x= 10 speed_ori 2 is 20°/s |

CALC - Math Commands

| | |
|--------------------------|---|
| CALC 'math expression' | Example: calc a=0.5 calc b = a * sin (45.0*RAD) LIN_REL 0 0 0.1*a 0 0 0 |
| CALC SHOW_VARS | Shows all global variables in the message window |
| CALC SHOW_USER_VARS | Shows all user defined global variables (without prefix '\$') in the message window |
| CALC CLEAR_VARS | Deletes all global variables |
| CALC CLEAR_USER_VARS | Deletes all user defined global variables (without prefix '\$') |
| = msg('math expression') | Data output in the message window. Example: = msg(a) |
| = 'math expression' | Result output in the program window. Example: = a |

ERCL - PARAMETER Commands

| | |
|---|---|
| ERC SET_PARAMETER \$NAME_1 'name' | Copy name into the first of 100 possible global string parameter \$NAME_1 = 'name' Usage: ERC SET_PARAMETER \$NAME_1 T_1 ! Tag point ERC SET_PARAMETER \$NAME_2 MYROB ! a device name ... ERC CURRENT DEVICE SET \$NAME_2! set 'MYROB' as current LIN \$NAME_1 ! move to tag 'T_1' |
| ERC SET_PARAMETER \$NAME_1 text_word [value] | Copy the text word plus a value name into the first of 100 possible global string parameter \$NAME_1 = text_word [value] Usage: ii=1 ERC SET_PARAMETER \$NAME T_ ii ! Tag point "T_1" |
| ERC SET_PARAMETER \$NAME_RESET | Deletes all global string parameter |
| ERC SET_PARAMETER \$NAME_INFO | shows all global string parameter in the message window |

ERCL - KUD Commands

| | |
|----------------------|---|
| ERC KUD row column x | Sets value 'x' for the Kinematics User Data for current robot given by row [1..12] column [1..12] Example: ERC KUD 1 1 1 ERC KUD 12 12 144 |
| ERC KUD name x | Sets value 'x' for the Kinematics User Data for current robot given by a name. Valid names are: KUD_1_1 KUD_12_12 Note: The user can change the KUD name. Example: ERC KUD_1_1 1 ERC KUD_12_12 144 |

ERCL - Additional Commands

| Command and Syntax | Description |
|--|---|
| ERC STOP | Stops program execution |
| ERC PAUSE | Halts program execution |
| ERC ESSI ON,OFF [speed scale value] [size scale value] | Enables / Disables the Interpretation of ESSI NC-Code (Option "NC-Simulation" is required) Optional parameter Speed scale value will scale the programmed speed. Size scale value will scale the target location (program scale) Note: This feature requires a licensed NC-Option |
| ERC EIA ON,OFF [speed scale value] [size scale value] | Enables / Disables the Interpretation of EIA NC-Code, DIN 66025 (Option "NC-Simulation" is required) Optional parameter Speed scale value will scale the programmed speed. Size scale value will scale the target location (program scale) Note: This feature requires a licensed NC-Option |
| ERC BASE BODY bodyname | Sets the BASE to the bodyname |
| ERC BASE TCP | Sets the BASE to the current robots TCP |
| ERC SWE_NEG swe1 ... swen | Sets the negative travel range values for each joint [m,deg] The number of values should coincide with the number of joints/axis |
| ERC SWE_POS swe1 ... swen | Sets the positive travel range values for each joint [m,deg] The number of values should coincide with the number of joints/axis |
| ERC CART_LIMITS_MIN X Y Z | Sets the minimum cartesian space limits [m] for the X, Y und Z coordinate direction |
| ERC CART_LIMITS_MAX X Y Z | Sets the maximum cartesian space limits [m] for the X, Y und Z coordinate direction |
| ERC TURN_INTERVAL Ax1 ... Axn [deg] | TURN -Interval for each axis Ax1...Axn, within $[0^\circ, \infty^\circ]$ |
| ERC TURN_OFFSET Ax1 ... Axn [deg] | TURN -Offset for each axis Ax1...Axn, within $]-\infty^\circ, \infty^\circ[$ |
| ERC JOINT_WEIGHT 0 or 1 for number of joints | Sets the joint weight vector, to influence the result of the numerical solution The number of values should coincide with the number of joints/axis |
| ERC MASK_VECTOR [0,1] for X Y Z A B C | Sets the mask vector, to influence the result of the numerical solution |
| ERC CELL_INFO text | String for cell Information line |

ERCL - 3D-PDF-Export Commands

Below commands require the licensed 3D PDF Export option.

| Command and Syntax | Description |
|--|---|
| ERC _3D_PDF_EXPORT SCREENSHOT [flnname] | Creates a 3D-PDF-document of the current scene (without animation), this means an image with all joint values at the time of the command. If no [flnname] is set, the name of the workcell will be used for the 3D-PDF-document per default. filename: name of the created 3D-PDF-document |
| ERC _3D_PDF_EXPORT ON / OFF [flnname] | Enables/ Disables recording of the 3D-PDF-document. If no [flnname] is set, the name of the workcell will be used for the 3D-PDF-document per default. When you finish recording the 3D-PDF-document will be generated automatically and stored under the specified name. Important: If a 3D-PDF-document has been opened previously, it must be closed first, so that the recording can be finished and the new document can be saved again. |
| ERC _3D_PDF_EXPORT SET_FILE flnname | The 3D-PDF-document will be generated with the specified name used under „flnname“. Previously, the _3D_PDF_EXPORT ON command must be set. filename: name of the created 3D-PDF-document |
| ERC _3D_PDF_EXPORT SET_LABEL labelname | Sets a label with the name specified in "label name". The name of the label is displayed in the open 3D-PDF-document next to the real process-time and is used for individual identification of single process sections. Previously, the _3D_PDF_EXPORT ON command must be set. labelname: name of the label |
| ERC _3D_PDF_EXPORT SET_PASSWORD passwordname | The 3D-PDF-document is protected with the password specified in "password name". This passphrase must be entered when the document is opened. Previously, the _3D_PDF_EXPORT ON command must be set. passwordname: name of password |
| ERC _3D_PDF_EXPORT PAUSE | Pauses the recording of the 3D-PDF-document. If the command is set again, the recording will be continued. Previously, the _3D_PDF_EXPORT ON command must be set. |
| ERC _3D_PDF_EXPORT DEACTIVATE | The recording of the 3D-PDF-document will be canceled and the document is discarded. |

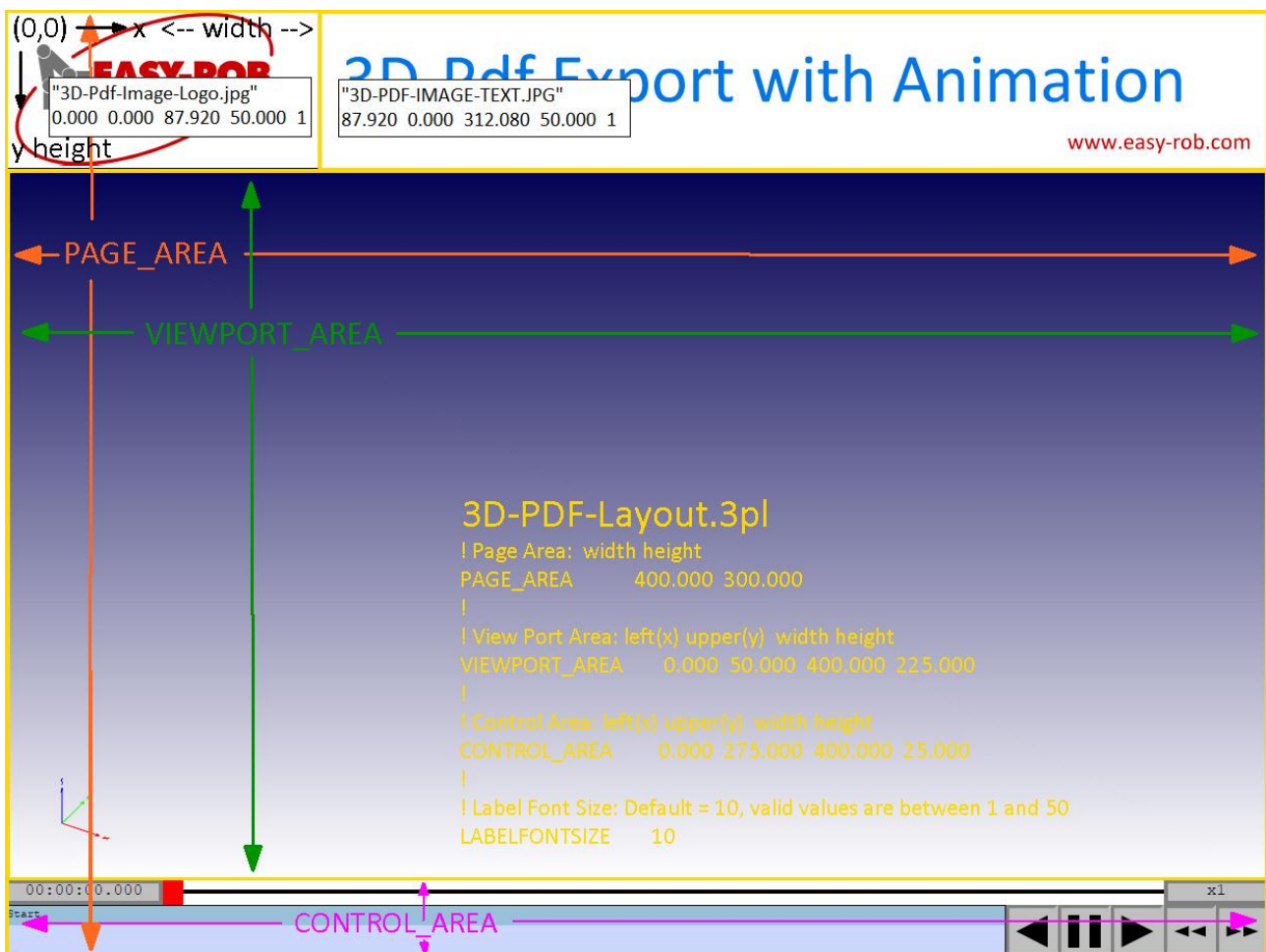
ERCL - 3D-PDF-Export Layout Definition Commands

Below commands require the licensed 3D PDF export option.

The 3D-PDF Layout can be loaded by an 3D-Pdf Layout file (.3pl) or dynamically and individually during the simulation run.

The size for an 3D-Pdf Layouts are determined by the parameter PAGE_AREA, VIEWPORT_AREA and CONTROL_AREA. The position for the images should be defined outside from the PAGE_AREA. In case of overlapping they will be shifted to the background.

Example for a 3D-Pdf Layout



3D-Pdf Layouts with size 400mm x 300mm and two images

| Kommando und Syntax | Beschreibung |
|---|---|
| ERC_3D_PDF_EXPORT RESET_LAYOUT | 3D-Pdf Layout reset to default values |
| ERC_3D_PDF_EXPORT LOAD_LAYOUT filename.3pl | Load 3D-Pdf Layout from .3pl Datei "filename.3pl" |
| ERC_3D_PDF_EXPORT SAVE_LAYOUT filename.3pl | Save 3D-Pdf Layout to .3pl Datei "filename.3pl" |
| ERC_3D_PDF_EXPORT PAGE_AREA width height | Set Page Area for 3D-Pdf Layout Parameter: width height, see image above |
| ERC_3D_PDF_EXPORT VIEWPORT_AREA left(x) upper(y) width height | Set Viewport Area des 3D-Pdf Layout Parameter: left(x) upper(y) width height, see image above |
| ERC_3D_PDF_EXPORT CONTROL_AREA left(x) upper(y) width height | Set Control Area des 3D-Pdf Layout Parameter: left(x) upper(y) width height, see image above |
| ERC_3D_PDF_EXPORT LABEL_FONT_SIZE size | Set Label Font Size for Control Area des 3D-Pdf Layout Parameter: size in range [1-50], Default-Value: size = 10 |

Add Images to 3D-PDF Layout.

The folder must be predefined by the command IMAGE_PATH. Folder and images names must be defined in quotes "".

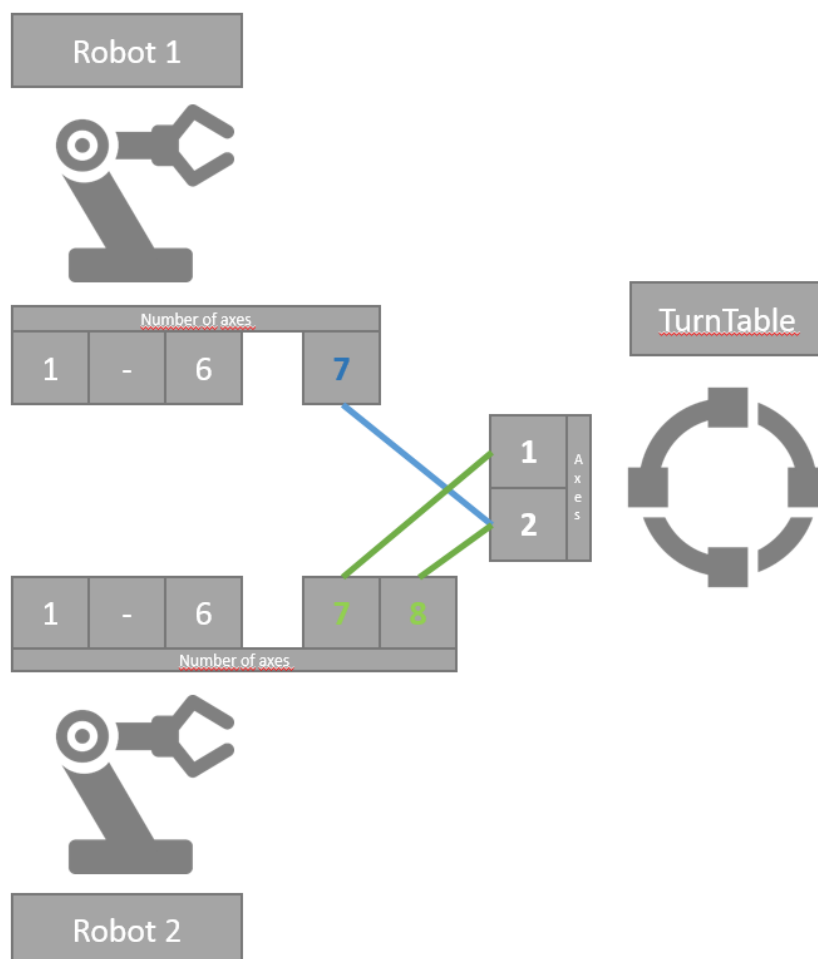
| | |
|---|--|
| ERC_3D_PDF_EXPORT IMAGE_PATH "path" | Set folder to load images by ADD_IMAGE command. |
| ERC_3D_PDF_EXPORT IMAGE_PATH USERPROFILE | The Key "USERPROFILE" determines the path from which the images are loaded with ADD IMAGE z. B: c:\Users\MyLoginName |
| ERC_3D_PDF_EXPORT IMAGE_PATH WORKING_DIRECTORY | The Key "WORKING_DIRECTORY", current working directory determines the path from which the images are loaded with ADD IMAGE |
| ERC_3D_PDF_EXPORT IMAGE_PATH "" | Same as Key "WORKING_DIRECTORY" current working directory |
| ERC_3D_PDF_EXPORT IMAGE_PATH 3PL_FILE_FOLDER | Key "3PL_FILE_FOLDER " The path defined in the loaded 3D-Pdf Layout file .3pl determines the path from which the images are loaded with ADD IMAGE |
| ERC_3D_PDF_EXPORT ADD_IMAGE "filename.jpg" left(x) upper(y) width height Scaling | Adds a .jpg Image to a defined position Parameter 1: "Image file name" Parameter 2-5: left(x) upper(y) width height Parameter 6: Scaling is one of ISO_Stretch = 0 or ISO_CenterFit = 1 |

ERCL - Linkage Commands

Coupling of devices via ERC commands with the possibility of mappings of axes. Thus, inter alia, an elegant master - slave switch can be realized during the simulation run.

| | |
|--|---|
| ERC LINKAGE DEVICE SET ['DeviceName'] [AxIdx(1)] .. [AxIdx(n)] | Creates the coupling of the current device to the simulation run DeviceName = Name of the device to be coupled with AxIdx(1) = first axes index AxIdx(n) = n-th axes index |
| ERC LINKAGE DEVICE UNSET ['DeviceName'] | Cancellation of the coupling DeviceName = Name of the device with which coupling should be canceled |

Schematic representation of the axis mappings



blau = ERC LINKAGE DEVICE SET TurnTable 0 7

grün = ERC LINKAGE DEVICE SET TurnTable 7 8

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EASY-ROB customer area

Content: Program updates and robot libraries

Web: www.easy-rob.com/en/downloads-2/client-area/

Log in data:
User name: customer
Password: *****

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ERCL - Notes